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U. S. Department Agriculture

1944-1945 Wholesale Price List

Azaleas and Camellias Our Specialties

Flowerwood Nursery

GREGORY L. SMITH, Owner

Route 1, Box 522 — Cedar Point Road

MOBILE, ALA.

Telephone 2-6372

To Our Many Friends:

Like many other businesses the war has worked quite a hardship on ours. The owner and proprietor, Gregory L. Smith, joined the Navy shortly after December 7, 1941, and some of our oldest and best men are in the armed forces. The manpower shortage in the Mobile area is probably the most acute of any part of the United States. None of this was anticipated in trying to build as quickly as possible a large nursery. The problem of obtaining the proper management and efficient labor under these circumstances has been difficult. We have been deeply concerned with our inability to give the kind of service that customers have a right to expect and that we were anxious to render.

On July 1st we engaged Mr. Carol Worthington to manage the nursery, and feel that you will be pleased to do business with him and with the service he renders. We have one of the largest and finest stocks of camellias and azaleas in the country, including fine specimen plants in the fields, approximately 10 acres of fine camellias in the lath houses, and about 200,000 lining out stock 12 to 18 inches in boxes. The lining out stock contains many of the rarest and finest varieties.

We believe that we have one of the largest and finest collections of rare camellias in the world. We do not quote prices on many varieties that we have because we are in the wholesale business, and we try to get wholesale quantities before we list new varieties. However, we are including in this catalogue a list of varieties that we have in the nursery so that if you are interested in any of them we can tell you whether we have any to spare at the present time, or about when we will be able to market them. Quite a number of these have not yet bloomed and we do not know just how they will turn out. We are trying to build up our stock as quickly as possible.

We invite you to come by the nursery and meet Mr. Carol Worthington and look over the plants that we have. If you are in the market for camellias or azaleas we are sure that it will pay you to see our stock before you make your purchase. We are also sure that you will enjoy doing business with Mr. Worthington.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

Prices:

All prices in this catalogue which are F. O. B. our nursery, are for the Fall of 1944 and Spring of 1945, are subject to change without notice and are made for immediate acceptance, subject to prior sale. The prices listed are for orders in all quantities, large or small, however orders for quantities smaller than listed in the catalogue are respectively declined, due to circumstances such as labor shortages, over which we have no control. After the war is over and conditions are more nearly normal we will consider it a privilege to serve you regardless of the size of your order. We make no charge for packing orders.

Terms:

- (a) Three (3) per cent discount for cash.
- (b) Twenty (20) per cent discount on B and B and bare rooted orders picked up at our nursery by the purchaser's truck, or shipped in carload lots. When this twenty (20) per cent discount is applicable there is no further discount allowed for cash.

Note: The discount does not apply to the rare varieties of camellias and to any other items in this catalogue which are specifically marked to that effect.

(c) When ordering stock shipped by express C. O. D. a remittance of twenty-five (25) per cent of the amount should accompany the order. We cannot ship orders C.O.D. unless this condition is met.

Shipping:

Please advise whether you wish your order shipped by railway express, railroad freight, or motor freight. In the absence of such instruction we will use our best judgment as to the proper method.

Substitutions:

We make no substitutions in orders unless instructed by the purchaser to do so.

Claims:

Claims must be made immediately upon receipt of goods. If an error has been made by us, please notify us promptly, and we shall take pleasure in adjusting the matter. We do not guarantee plants to live. At no time will we be responsible for more than the purchase price of the stock ordered.

We carefully pack all stock, and make every effort to secure prompt and careful handling by the transportation company. However, our responsibility ceases upon delivery of stock in good condition to the transportation company. Claims for damage or delay in transit should be filed with the transportation company. In this connection we shall be glad to assist you in any way we can.

Orders will be acknowledged promptly and shipments made as quickly as possible. However, the acute labor shortage in this section makes it impossible for us to fill orders as promptly as we did before the war, and we therefore urge our customers to anticipate their needs as far in advance as possible and order their stock early in the season. We shall do our best to give prompt, efficient service on all orders, and hope that our customers will appreciate the difficulties under which we, like all private businesses, are operating now, and will be patient with us should there be some delay in filling their orders.

Special Notice to California Customers:

All shipments of camellias to California are required to be fumigated according to the regulations of the California Department of Agriculture. Unless camellias are in a dormant stage, they do not stand this fumigation well. It is therefore important for all California customers to order for Fall and Winter, or very early Spring delivery, while the plants are still dormant. We cannot fill any California orders after the new growth starts on camellias.

Descriptions of Varieties of Azaleas and Camellias:

Due to war conditions, we are merely listing this season the varieties of azaleas and camellias we are offering for sale under the names by which we believe they are most generally known to the trade, without detailed descriptions of such varieties. However, for those not familiar with these plants, we will send, upon request, a pamphlet describing the colors, formations, and general habits of growth, of most of the azaleas and camellias offered in this price list.

FLOWERWOOD NURSERY Gregory L. Smith, Owner

> Route 1, Box 522 Mobile, Ala. Telephone 2-6372

AZALEAS

Azaleas are not difficult to grow, and require very little attention, if proper care is taken to see that they are planted in congenial surroundings. All azaleas must be planted in an acid, well-drained soil. Kurume azaleas will not survive water standing on the ground around them. Indica azaleas will stand poor drainage better than Kurumes, but it is not to their liking. They will prosper either in partial shade or in the full sun, provided the roots are not allowed to be damaged by heat during the hot weather. This can be avoided by a mulch of oak leaves or pine straw. It is not good for azaleas to bank them with leaf mold or to put a high bank of leaves or straw around them. If the dirt or mound is built up around the plant, the roots grow to the surface and become exposed to the sun, which causes serious damage in dry spells. Furthermore, if there is a mound built up around the stem of the plant this will cause water to drain away from the plant during dry weather, when moisture is necessary. All azaleas like plenty of water, provided the drainage is good.

As azalea roots are very fine and require a large amount of moisture, the plants do not thrive in close proximity to trees that have surface roots, such as pecan trees, water oaks, and hickory trees. However, they will do well near such trees if they are constantly watered during dry weather.

The Indica azaleas stand much more heat than the Kurume azaleas. They are native to the deep South, while the Kurume azaleas do much better in colder climates.

We have found the safest all round fertilizer for azaleas to be cotton seed meal. It should be scattered on the top of the ground around the plant and allowed to wash in the soil, without being cultivated. Azaleas may be fertilized with commercial fertilizers having an acid reaction, but it is very necessary to use great care, because most of the roots are near the surface, and are easily burned.

A spray consisting of one gallon of water, three level tablespoons of Volck, or other white oil emulsion, three level tablespoons of Derris powder, and one teaspoon of Black Leaf 40 will take care of any of the insects and scales that affect azaleas. The spraying should be done just after the blooming season in the Spring, and repeated at intervals of not less than three to four weeks, until the trouble has been reme-

died. It is of course necessary to apply the spray with force, and directly on the part that is affected, which in most instances is on the bottom of the leaves and in the forks of the twigs.

We have one of the largest collections of azaleas in the South, with plants ranging from very large specimen azaleas down to lining-out stock.

The Pride of Mobile azalea is, in our opinion, the most beautiful and satisfactory of all. Its color is a brilliant watermelon red, and it blooms more profusely than any other variety. The true Pride of Mobile, which we have, is a very hardy plant, and stands more cold than any other variety of Indica azalea. It generally blooms a little later than the other varieties, and the blooms, therefore, are not so often damaged by late cold weather.

THE BURLAP SITUATION

Due to the scarcity of burlap and the labor shortage, all orders for azaleas will be sent out unburlapped, but carefully and properly packed to insure arrival in good condition. It is our opinion, from extensive handling of azaleas in this manner, that the plants can be shipped as safely, and will arrive in as good condition as burlapped plants.

AZALEA INDICA

Indica azaleas are not hardy in cold climates, but they are adaptable for plantings throughout the entire Gulf Coast section, and along the Atlantic Coast area as far north as North Carolina.

DAPHNE SALMON — Light salmon. Fast, compact, upright grower, very hardy and blooms profusely. One of the finest of the Indica azaleas.

DUC DE ROHAN — Salmon pink. Compact grower, small dark green leaves. Does not stand cold very well, but makes a beautiful pot plant.

ELEGANS—Light pink. A fast upright grower, and one of the first to bloom.

FISHER PINK — Light pink. Blooms midseason about the same time as Pride of Mobile. Large flowers, profuse bloomer, compact grower, very hardy. We think this is one of the best. FORMOSA — Light purple with pink cast. Large flowers, large dark green leaves, fast dense grower. Very hardy. The best of its color.

INDICA ALBA — Pure white. Light green, hairy leaves, upright grower, midseason bloomer.

LADY EDITH—Shell pink and white variegated. The individual flowers of this variety are very beautiful. Glossy leaves. Blooms over long period.

LATANA ALBA—White. Dwarf, bushy grower, late bloomer.

MOSS POINT RED — Orange red. Compact grower, dark green leaves, large, waxy flowers, late bloomer.

ORCHID—Light orchid. Medium sized flower, early bloomer, fast, upright grower.

PRIDE OF DORKING — Carmine red. Late bloomer, compact grower.

PRIDE OF MOBILE—This is the finest and most beautiful of all azaleas. Lovely water-melon pink blooms regularly and profusely cover the bushes. The larger plants cover with blooms to such an extent that the foliage is hardly visible, and even very small bushes make a wonderful display of flowers. It is a very hardy variety. We have the true Pride of Mobile, which is much better than many watermelon pinks sold for it, which are not as hardy.

PRINCE OF ORANGE—Flowers large and a very rich orange red. Low, compact grower, late bloomer.

HARDY AZALEAS

These should not be confused with the Kurume azaleas, as they are not dwarf-growing, but reach heights of 10 to 12 feet. They are very hardy.

HARDY FIREFLY—Dark scarlet single flower of fair size. Compact grower and extremely hardy.

MACRANTHA—Orange Red. Double medium sized flowers late in season. Compact and fast grower. Very good.

YAYE-GIRI—Salmon red. Hose-in-hose type flowers. Very fast grower, and profuse bloomer. Midseason.

Prices of Indica and Hardy Azaleas listed above:

*6- 8 in. bed-grown (not less than 25)	\$.08
8-10 in. plant with buds (not less than	
10)	.25
10-12 in. plant with buds	.35
12-18 in. plant with buds	.50
18-24 in. plant with buds	.75
2- 3 ft. plant with buds	1.35
*In lots of 1000 or more	\$.07

SPECIMEN AZALEAS

We believe we have the largest stock of specimen Pride of Mobile azaleas in the country. These plants range in size from two to eight feet tall, and are priced according to height, spread, and age. We also have many Elegans, and Daphne Salmon specimen plants. write for our prices if you should be interested in getting some fine, large plants. These will range in price from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per plant. We will gladly quote prices on request.

KURUME AZALEAS

Almost all florists and growers of pot plants are now familiar with the use of Kurume azaleas for pot plants, as each year the demand for them has grown tremendously. The trade has found these azaleas, which cover with a profusion of beautiful flowers when they come into bloom, to be very popular pot plants, and also a profitable crop that requires very little care or expense. They should be potted in a light soil, preferably with some peat mixed in, and kept well-watered. In a 50 to 60 degree house the plants should come into bloom within six weeks to two months. We have thousands of well-shaped plants in the varieties most in demand for pot plants, such as Coral Bells, Hinodegiri, Snow, Salmon Beauty, and others.

In addition to the use of Kurume azaleas for pot plants, they are extensively used for landscape work. They are a dwarf type of azalea, much hardier than the Indica varieties, and are very popular in cooler climates.

CARMINE PRINCE—Deep red, single. CHRISTMAS CHEER—Brightest red, hose-

in-hose type.

CORAL BELLS—Shell pink, hose-in-hose. The most popular of all the Kurume azaleas.

HINODEGIRI—Brilliant red, single.

HORTENSIA—Soft pink, hose-in-hose type.

PEACH BLOW—Peach-pink, single.
PINK PEARL—Salmon pink, hose-in-hose. SALMON BEAUTY—Large salmon flowers, hose-in-hose.

SNOW—Pure white, hose-in-hose.

SWEET BRIER—Pink, single.

Prices of Kurume Azaleas:

Titles of Kurume Azaleas:	
*4- 6 in. bed-grown (not less than 25)	\$.08
4- 6 in. plant with buds	
6-8 in. plant with buds	.45
8–10 in, plant with buds	.55
10–12 in. plant with buds	.75
12–18 in. plant with buds	1.00
*In lots of 1000 or more	\$ 0.7

CAMELLIAS

Camellias will grow and prosper under widely varying conditions as to soil and temperature, but it is absolutely essential that they have good drainage. It is useless to plant a camellia at any place where the water will stand after a hard rain. They will grow in almost dense shade and in the full sun. Camellias will stand a good deal of severe weather, if the cold comes gradually and the plants have an opportunity to harden up before the first severe freeze. However, an early severe freeze, while the growth is still tender, will probably cause damage to the buds.

Camellias, like azaleas, prefer an acid soil, but will stand a broader variation of soil, and will grow well even if the soil is just slightly acid.

Camellias are subject to several forms of scale which can be easily controlled by spraying. A spray of one gallon of water, three table-spoons of Volck, or other white oil emulsion, and one teaspoon of Black Leaf 40, will be effective. Care should be used not to spray in the hot sun. If the plant is not shaded, it should be sprayed late in the afternoon, if possible. Otherwise the leaves are likely to be badly burned, which will retard the growth of the plant. Generally it is sufficient to spray in the spring and again in the fall, but if a plant is badly infested with disease we recommend spraying every three weeks until the scale is killed.

Sometimes camellias are affected by the disease commonly known as "die-back." This is due to a fungus. We have had satisfactory results in controlling this disease by spraying with Bordeaux mixture three times in the Spring, at ten-day intervals, when the first new growth starts. It is very important that the spraying be done at the time the new growth starts, and the plant should be sprayed thoroughly so as to wet all the branches and the trunk.

A thin mulch of oak leaves or pine straw is good for camellias. Almost any fertilizer that does not have an alkaline reaction can be used. We have had good results with cotton seed meal and Vigoro.

In planting camellias it is absolutely necessary to avoid planting them too deep. The importance of this cannot be stressed too much. If the stem is one inch deeper than it was formerly grown, the growth of the plant will be greatly retarded, and if it is planted several inches deeper the plant will die. In setting the plant in its new position, the ball should be level with the ground.

In the past few years many growers in sections where camellias will not survive planted outside have become aware of the value of growing camellias in their greenhouses as a source of cut flowers for corsages, etc. These plants increase in value from year to year as they grow larger and cover more profusely with blooms. We think all growers would find it profitable to stock a part of their houses with the varieties of camellias that adapt themselves best to greenhouse culture, and make the nicest cut flowers, as the demand for them is growing each year. We have three greenhouses completely stocked with camellias, and have been growing them in our greenhouses ever since Flowerwood Nursery was established. It is not a difficult matter to grow them in the greenhouse, and if you should be interested in planting some camellias in your greenhouses, either directly in the ground. or growing them in pots or tubs, where they can be moved out in the summer, we shall be very glad to advise you of the varieties that we believe are best suited for this purpose, and also to give you whatever advice we can from our experience in growing these plants in the greenhouse.

CAMELLIAS SHIPPED BARE-ROOTED

We have none of the smaller sizes of camellias from 3-5 inches to 8-12 inches growing in pots this season, as our experience has been that these sizes can be handled to better advantage, both to the customer and to ourselves, when taken directly from the beds and shipped barerooted. All of these plants will be carefully and properly packed, and we do not hesitate to state that the plants, handled in this manner, arrive at their destination in good condition, and grow off into better plants than those which have been grown in pots, or have been potted up from beds. We also recommend that the larger sizes, from 12-18 inches to 2-3 feet, lath-grown plants, be taken bare-rooted, if it is at all possible for the customer to do so. We realize, however, that many customers will need burlapped plants in these larger sizes to meet the special requirements of their trade. We are therefore listing two prices on each of these sizes. Where it is possible for our customers to take these sizes bare-rooted it will mean a substantial saving to them, both in price and in transportation costs, and orders can be more quickly filled. We feel sure that our customers will find this method of handling entirely safe and satisfactory, and our experience has been that the plants will arrive in as good condition bare-rooted as they would if burlapped. move all camellias here at our nursery in these sizes in this manner, and know from experience that they can be safely shipped bare-rooted.

Bare-rooted plants are puddled when dug and the roots should be immersed in water a few minutes before planting. This will loosen the puddling clay and permit the tender roots to come into contact with the soil in which they are planted.

LIST OF CAMELLIAS AT FLOWERWOOD

The following list of Camellias represents the range of the varieties at Flowerwood Nursery. We have not propagated or grafted a sufficient number of plants in all varieties to offer them for sale in quantity lots, but we are fortunate in having a limited number in most of the unusual or rare varieties and prices will be quoted upon request. All prices, when quoted, will, of course, be subject to a prior sale. Such varieties in this list will be indicated by an * preceding the name of the Camellia. If we are unable to supply your needs at this time we will gladly book your order for grafts for the coming season of 1945 and 1946.

*Abundance (McIlhenny)

*Abundance (Coleman Nursery) Abby Wilder

Adolphe Audusson *Afterglow

*Aitonia

*Ake Bono (Dawn, Sanko-nishiki)

*Aki-no-yama

*Alba Fimbriata Alba Plena Alba Superba

(John G. Drayton)

*Alba Splendens

*Althea Particolor

*Amabilis

*Amabilis Var.

*Ama-no-kawa

Amazing

*Anna Bruneau Anna Frost

*Anne Lindberg

Anna Zucchini

*Ara-Jishi Apple Blossom Ashand Var. Austell Pink

*Aya-nishiki

Bealli Rosea *Behaud-litou, Souvenir de Bella Romana Bennett, Rev. John (Magnolia Gardens) Bennett, Rev. John (Kiyono) Bennett, Rev. John

Var. (Folsom)

*Beni-kirin

*Blard, Mrs. Chas.

*Blush Hibiscus

*Blush Pink

*Bolen's Late Tricolor

*Bolen's Pride Brilliant Brooklyana Brown's Red

*California Tricolor Cameo Pink Candidissima *Capri

*Caprice

*Captain Martin's Favorite

*Cardinal Richeliew Catherine Cathcart (Leila)

Cemetry

Chandlerii Elegans *Chandlerii Elegans

Pink (Sophia) Chandlerii Elegans

Red Cheerful

*Chiffon

*Christine Lee (Ga.)

Christine Lee (Malbis)
*Christine Lee (Orton)

*Chiyoda Nishiki

*Chosen-tsubaki *Clara Myrick

*Cliviana

Cobb, Mrs. Chas. Coletti Maculata

Colonel Firey Colonial Pink

*Communist

*Comte de Gomer

Concordia *Conspiciea

Countess of Orkney Var

Countess of Orkney

Countess of Nieuport

*Covina

*Cowan's Pink

*Crepe Rosette

*Cup of Beauty (McIlhenny)

*Cup of Beauty (Higdon)

Daikagura Daikagura Var.

*Daviesii

*Day Break

*Deacon Dodd Debutante

Deep Scarlet Derbeyana

*Diana (Frizzle White)

*Dr. Shepherd

*Downing, H. A. Donkelaari

*Donkelaari (Tea Garden)

Donkelaari (California Red, Monjisu)

*Doris Madalia

*Duchesse de Caze Duchess of Southerland

*Duke de Orleans Duncan Bell Durbeanna

Eleanor of Fairoaks

*Eleanor Haygood Elena Nobile

Elisabeth

*Elizabeth Pink Elizabeth Arden

*Elizabeth Bordman Emperor of Russia

Empress

Empress of India Enrico Bettoni

Ethlington White Eugene Lize

*Farris Red Fanny Bollis Fanny Bollis (Large-Special Nagasaki)

*Festiva

*Fiesta

*Firebrand Fisher's Poppy Fisher's Rose Fisher's Var.

*Flame

*Florence Stratton

*Florida

Flowerwood No. 1 (Duncan Bell)

Flowerwood No. 2

*Franz Von Damme Frazier, Mrs.

*Frizzle White (Diana)

*Georgia No. 1

*Georgia No. 2 *Giardino Schmitz

Gigantea Glen 40

Gloire de Nantes

*Gosho-Guruma Governor Mouton *Hagiku *Hagoromo *Haki-Bai *Haku-Bai *Haku-How

Haku-Rakuten *Haku-Ryo *Hana-Guruma

Harlequin

*Hassaku-Tsubaki

*Hatsu-Arashi *Hatsu-Sakura

*Hastie, C. N. Hastie, William S.

Haemanthus (Susanqua)

*Harlan

*Heningham Smith *Henry Middleton

Herme

Herme (Red) Herme (White)

*Hibiscus

*Hibiscus, Blush

*Hibiscus, Red *Hibiscus, White Higdon 56

*Hijirimen

*Hi-Owsho

*Hishi-Karaito His Majesty Hoffheim's Var. *Horry Frost

Hovey, C. M. *II Cygno

Il Tramonto Imperator Imperialis

*Imura *Ivoryana

*Iwane-Shibori

Jarvis Red *Jessica

John G. Drayton *Josephine Duell

*Judith

*Julia Drayton

*Kamo-Hon-Ami

*Kara-Nishiki *Kari-Ginu

Kellingtonia

*Kifukurin-Benten Kimberly

*Kishu-Tsukasa

*Kiyosu

*Koa-No-Homare

*Koshi-Goshi

*Koshi-No-Yuki

*Kowro-How Kumasaka

*Kurai-No-Himo

*Kuro-Tsubaki

*Kyokko

Lady Alice

*Lady Charlotte

*Lady Devere

*Lady Hume's Blush

*Lady Mary Cromartie Lady Van Sittard Lady Van Sittard Var.

La Peppermint *La Reine Var.

Laurel Leaf

*Lee, Dr. *Lee's No. 87

*Leona Bolen *Lewis' Red *Light Center

*Linda Barry *Lindsey Neil

Lorraine

*Lotus

*Lurie's Favorite

Madame Adelle

*Madam Maintenon *Madam Chas. Blard

*Madame Chan Kai Shek

Madam Strekaloff *Madge Miller

Magnoliaflora *Maman Chochet

March of Exeter

*March of Salisbury *Margaret F. Higdon

Margharita Caleoni

*Marianna Gaete

*Marion Mitchell *Marquis d'Exeter Mary E. M.

Mathotiana Alba

*Mathotiana Rosea *Matsuska Pine Cone

*Mattie Brice Maurice Hurst

Meigs Var. *Middleton 49

*Mihata

Robin Hood *Mine-No-Yuki *Rogetsu (Camellia) *Rosalie Monarch *Rosea Superba Rose Emery *Rose Dawn Mon Louis Pink Moss Point Var. *Missima *Murui-Shibori Ross *Rosularis Nagasaki *Rouge *Nagasaki Red Nagasaki Special *Royal Beauty *Rubra Virginalis (Large Fanny Bollis) *Nishiki-Gasane Sacco Vera *Nishiki-No-Tsukasa Saifu Nebilissima Saint Andre Saint Elmo *Oh-Niji *Sakigake *Old Rose *Sambo-Tsubaki Opelosus Peony Sarah Frost *Orton's Coletti Sara-Sa Otome Sasanqua-Dawn *Otome-Shibori Sasanqua-White (Mine-No-Yuki, *Panache Snow on the Moun-Peonyflora *Peonyflora (Mealing) tain) *Pine Cone Pink Ball Scarlett O'Hara *Seiganji Pink Perfection Semi-double Blush Pink Star *Pink Strekaloff Shell Pink *Shibori-No-Rogetsu *Pink Sweeti Vera *Shibori Wabisuki Pope Pius *Shichifukujin *Preston Rose *Shiranuhi *Shiratima-Shibori Pride of Greenville Prince Eugene Na-*Showa-No-Sakae Single Blush White poleon Princess Bacchiochi *Pringle, J. J. Professor C. S. Sar-*Simons, Mrs. Chas. Smiling Beauty *Smith, Judge Snowdrift gent *Punctata Boutourlin *Sode-Gakushi *Some Kawa Purity (Pacific

Coast Variety) Purple Dawn

*Quartette Queen Bessie *Queen of Hearts

*Rainy Sun *Rainy Sun (Malbis) *Rainy Sun (Orton)

*Rasen-Zome Reine des Fleurs

*Reticulata *Rhapsody *Rhett Butler *Sophia *Souvenir de Behaud-Litou *Souvenir de Mme. Colette Van Wassenhove *Special Var. Audusson *Sponge *Sport of Grandiflora Rosea Stiles Perfection Stockton Pink *Suibijin (Blushing

Maiden)

*Sukiya Supresse Nobilissima *Surprise Swan Sweeti Vera	*Valvareda *Van Wessenhove Variabilis Vedrine Victor Emmanuel Victory White
T. K. Var.	*Ville de Nantes
*Taro-An	*White Daikagura
*Taro-Kwanja	*White Empress
*Theria Mary	*White Giant
*Thompson, Mrs.	*White Loxley
William	*White Myorenji
*Three-in-one	*White Otome
*Tobiiri-Otome	*White Pine Cone
*Toyo-nishiki	*White Queen
Tricolor	*White Taro-An
Tricolor de Seibold	William Penn
*Triphosa	Wilson
*Tsukimi-Guruma	
Tutonia Pink	*Yae-Shiratama
	*Yezo-Nishiki
Tutonia White	*Yobiko-Dori
	*Yohei-Baku
*Uncle Sam	*Yohei-Haku
*Usu-Otome	*Yuki-Botan

RARE CAMELLIAS GROUP I

We unqualifiedly recommend the rare varieties of camellias listed by us this year as being among the most outstanding in the country. It is our opinion that the purchase of these varieties represents a sound investment, as they have not been widely offered for sale at such reasonable prices, and the demand for them is going to grow from year to year as they are made more available to the public generally, and flower lovers come to know the beauty and outstanding quality of these plants.

• •		
ADOLPHE AUDUSS 1 year grafts on 7 y 1 year grafts on 5 y 2 year grafts on 8 to	ear stockear stock	\$ 6.50
ALBA SUPERBA 6- 8 in	\$.35 .50 .90	 1.00 2.00
AMAZING 1 year grafts on 5 y	ear stock	\$ 5.00
APPLE BLOSSOM 3 year grafts on 5 y	ear stock	\$ 4.00

C. M. HOVEY 8–10 in\$.90	
10–15 in	
MRS. CHAS. COBB 1 year grafts on 6 to 7 year stock	\$ 7.50
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock COLLETTI MACULATA	10.00
6- 8 in\$.75	
8–10 in	
DAI-KAGURA Bare-root 6-8 in\$.75	В.&В.
8–10 in	
10–15 in. 1.25	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock 2 year grafts on 6 to 7 year stock	\$ 5.00 7.50
	7,30
DEBUTANTE 8-10 in\$.90	
10–15 in	
2 year grafts on 6 year stock	\$ 7.50
DONKELAARI	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
DUNCAN BELL	
10–15 in\$ 1.25	
15–20 in	© 750
	7.30
EMPRESS 8–10 in\$.90	
10–15 in. 1.25	
12–18 in 2.25	\$ 2.50
18–24 in	4.00
ETHLINGTON WHITE	
8-10 in\$.45	
10–15 in	\$ 1.00
18–24 in	2.00
GIGANTEA	
8–10 in\$.90 10–15 in1.25	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
GLEN 40	# F 00
1 year grafts on 5 year stock 2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	\$ 5.00
H. A. DOWNING 2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	\$ 10.00
KUMASAKA	, ,,,,,
6- 8 in\$.35	
8–12 in	A
z year grafts on o year stock	\$ 5.00
1.4	

LADY VAN SITTARD VAR.	
8–10 in\$.90 10–15 in 1.25	
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	
LAUREL LEAF Bare-root	
8–10 in\$.90	
10–15 in	ф 7 FO
	\$ 7.50
LURIE'S FAVORITE 2 year grafts on 6 year stock	\$ 7.50
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	10.00
MAGNOLIAFLORA	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	10.00
MARCHIONESS OF SALISBURY	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
MARGHARITA CALEONI	
8-10 in\$.90 10-15 in1.25	*******
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	\$ 10.00
NAGASAKI	
6- 8 in\$.75	
8–10 in	
10–15 in	\$ 2.50
12–18 in. 2.23 18–24 in. 3.75	4.00
2- 3 ft	5.50
PURPLE EMPEROR	
8–10 in\$.90	
10–15 in	¢ 7.50
OUEEN BESSI	
1 year grafts on 6 to 7 year stock	\$ 7.50
2 year grafts on 7 year stock	8.50
REV. JOHN BENNETT	
(Genuine South Carolina variety)	
1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
1 year grafts on 7 year stock 2 year grafts on 7 year stock	7.50 8.50
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	10.00
SARA-SA	
2 year grafts on 6 year stock	\$ 7.50
SNOWDRIFT	
6- 8 in\$.75	Φ 10.00
2 year grafts on 8 to 10 year stock	\$ 10.00
SOUVENIR DE BAHAUD LITOU 1 year grafts on 5 year stock	\$ 5.00
SWEETI VERA 6- 8 in \$.75	
8–10 in	\$ 7.50

RARE CAMELLIAS GROUP II

COL. FIREY

DERBEYANA

FANNY BOLLIS

GOV. MOUTON

MADAM ADELLE

ROSS

SCARLETT O'HARA

ST. ELMO

VICTOR EMMANUEL

Prices of the above nine varieties:

E	Bare-root	B.&B.
6 -8 in	. \$.35	
8–12 in.	.50	
12–18 in.	.90	\$ 1.00
18–24 in	1.75	2.00
2- 3 ft	2.50	3.00

We also have Victor Emmanuel in 2 year grafted plants on 5 year understock, 18-24 inch branched plants, at \$5.00 each.

CLASS A CAMELLIAS

ALBA PLENA (Up to 2-3 feet lath-grown plants only). No discount allowed on this variety.

ANNA ZUCCHINI (6-8 in. and 8-12 in. only)

BELLA ROMANA

CAMEO PINK

CHANDLERH ELEGANS

CONCORDIA

COUNTESS OF ORKNEY (6-8 in. to 12-18 in. only)

EMPRESS OF INDIA

FISHER'S ROSE

HERME

MONARCH

PINK PERFECTION

PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEON

PROF. SARGENT

Prices of Class A camellias:

	Bare-root	B.&B.
6- 8 in	\$.25	
8–12 in		
12-18 in	.50	\$.70
*18-24 in. branched, no)	
buds	75	1.00
*2- 3 ft. branched, no		
buds	1.00	1.35
18-24 in. specimen plan	nts	2,50
24-30 in. specimen plan	ıts	3.75
30-36 in. specimen plan		
3- 4 ft. specimen plan		
4- 5 ft. specimen plan		
No discount on budded		

CLASS B CAMELLIAS

ABBY WILDER
AUSTELL PINK
BEALLI ROSEA
ELIZABETH
GLOIRE DE NANTES
JARVIS RED
KELLINGTONIA
SARAH FROST

Prices of Class B camellias:

	Bare-root	B.&B.
6- 8 in	\$.20	
8–12 in	25	
12–18 in		\$.60
*18-24 in. branched, no)	
buds	55	.80
*2- 3 ft. branched, no		
buds	75	1.10
18-24 in. specimen plan		2.25
24-30 in. specimen plan		
30–36 in. specimen plan	nts	3.75
3- 4 ft. specimen plan	nts	5.50
4- 5 ft. specimen plan		
*No discount on budded		

CAMELLIA SASANQUA

ROSEA		
12–18 in. C. T \$.25		
18–24 in. C. T		
*2- 3 ft. field-grown,		
branched	\$	1.50
*3-4 ft. field-grown,		
branched	-	2.50
*No discount on this size.		

MINE-NO-YUKI	Bare-root	B.&B.
6- 8 in. C. T		
8–12 in. C. T		
12–18 in. C. T		
*2- 3 ft. field-grown	branched	\$ 1.50
*3- 4 ft. field-grown	branched	2.50
*No discount this size.		

We have a large stock of Sasanquas that can be used as understock for grafting. These will have $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch or larger trunks and can be shipped bare-rooted with tops cut off at \$1.10 each. We have had excellent results in grafting on this stock.

BROADLEAVED EVERGREENS

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA (GLOSSY ARBUTUS) —An excellent evergreen shrub for border, hedge, or foundation plantings. The small leaves are bright, glossy green on purplish-red stems. The trumpet shaped rosy-white flowers bloom in May, and the plant continues blooming until late autumn. Very hardy.

	Each	10	100
12-18 inches		\$1.25	\$10.00
3-4 feet specimen			
plants B. & B	\$1.00	8.50	

AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA (GOLD-DUST AUCUBA)—Splendid hardy evergreen plant, with beautiful rich dark green leaves flecked with gold. Should be planted in shady location.

	Each	10
6- 8 inches (pots)	\$.40	\$3.50
8–10 inches (pots)		5.00

BERBERIS THUNBERGH ATROPURPUREA (Red-Leaved Japanese Barberry)—The leaves of this beautiful plant are dark bronzered, making it a very colorful plant. It can also be used as a hedge plant, as it does well when trimmed.

Each 10 100

	Litteri	.8. 17	2 17 17
6– 8 inches, C. T			
8–12 inches, C. T		.75	6.00
12–18 inches, C. T		1.00	8.00
12–18 inches B. & B	\$.60	5.00	
18-24 inches B. & B			
2 to 3 feet B. & B	1.00	9.00	

BUXUS JAPONICA—A fast growing box with glossy bright green small leaves. A dense compact evergreen especially good for low trimmed hedges.

10 100

	10	# 43.4 A
4- 6 inches, C. T	\$.65	\$ 5.00
6– 8 inches, C. T.	.80	6.00
8–10 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
10-12 inches C T		10.00

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS (English Boxwood)—A slower growing box than the Japanese box, but a very handsome plant. The leaves are very dark green and pointed. It is an upright grower, and when small it is especially adaptable as a border plant.

	10	100
4-6 inches, C. T	\$.65	\$ 5.00
6-8 inches, C. T	.80	6.00

CALLISTEMON (BOTTLE BRUSH)—This evergreen has narrow, dark green foliage and produces large cylindrical flowers of a brilliant scarlet. As indicated by its name, the flowerspikes are shaped exactly like a bottle brush. A very attractive plant that has to be planted in a permanent location when small, or from a pot, as it does not transplant well.

CLEYERA JAPONICA—Fine compact growing evergreen, with thick dark green glossy leaves, which have a red midrib. The creamywhite fragrant flowers in the late spring are followed by red berries in the summer. Our plants were grown from cuttings off of fine specimen plants.

 Each
 10
 100

 8-12 inches, C. T.
 \$1.00
 \$8.00

 12-18 inches, C. T.
 1.25
 10.00

 2- 3 feet, B. & B.
 \$1.25
 10.00

ELAEAGNUS PUNGENS VARIEGATA (YELLOW EDGED ELAEAGNUS) — A spreading evergreen shrub with light colored, variegated foliage, that shows up well among darker evergreens.

Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$. 85	\$ 7.00
8–12 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
18–24 inches, B & B \$.75	6.00	

GARDENIA FLORIDA — The very popular Cape Jasmine of the South. Its dark, shiny foliage and white, sweet scented flowers have made it a favorite for many years.

]	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$.60	\$ 5.00
8–12 inches, C. T		.85	7.00
12–18 inches, C. T		1.00	9.00
18–24 inches, B & B	\$.50	4.00	
2–3 feet, B & B	.75	6.00	
3–4 feet, B & B	1.00	7.50	

GARDENIA HADLEY—Large flowering winter forcing gardenia, highly prized as cut flowers. We think this is the best of all the gardenias for cut flowers.

	10	100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ inch pots (8-10 inches)	\$1.25	\$ 9.00
3 inch pots (10-12 inches)	1.50	12.00
4 inch pots (12-18 inches)	2.50	20.00
5 inch pots (18-24 inches)	3.00	25.00
6 inch pots (24-30 inches)	3.50	30.00

GARDENIA MYSTERY — Fast becoming a very popular variety. It has the largest and most luxuriant foliage, and a very superior flower. The magnificent snowy white, fragrant blossoms are very large.

	10	100
8–12 inches, C. T	\$1.25	\$ 9.00
12–18 inches, C. T.	1.75	15.00

GARDENIA VEITCHII — The very profuse blooming variety of Gardenia used so extensively by florists.

	10	100
$6-8$ inches, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inch pots	\$1.25	\$ 9.00
8–12 inches, 3 inch pots	1.75	15.00
12–15 inches, 4 inch pots	2.50	20.00
15–20 inches, 5 inch pots	3.00	25.00

HIBISCUS SINENSIS — One of the showiest flowering shrubs of the South. A fast growing plant with glossy leaves and producing gorgeous colored flowers 4 to 5 inches across. They have an abundance of striking flowers throughout the entire summer. Single Red.

10 100 8–10 inches, in 3 inch pots..... \$1.25 \$10.00

ILEX CORNUTA BURFORDI (BURFORD'S HOLLY).

ILEX CORNUTA FEMINA—A dwarf compact holly with exceptionally dark, shiny foliage. Very hardy. Older plants produce an abundance of large red berries, which are very showy. Burfordi differs from the regular holly in that it has only one spine to a leaf. A very striking shrub for foundation plantings, or as lawn specimens.

Prices of both: Eac	ch 10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		
8–12 inches, C. T		
18–24 inches, B & B		
2- 3 feet, B & B 1.	.50 12.50	

ILEX OPACA FEMINA (AMERICAN HOLLY)— This is a beautiful native tree, with attractive dark green leaves. Very hardy. Our plants were propagated from stock that we know to be berry producing.

10 100 18–24 inches, C. T. \$1.75 \$15.00

18–24 inches, C. T. \$1.75 \$15.00 2– 3 feet, lath grown 2.00 17.50

ILLICIUM ANISATUM (ANISE TREE) — A very beautiful evergreen. The broad light green leaves emit an anise fragrance when bruised. A hardy, desirable plant.

	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$1.00	\$ 8.00
8–12 inches, C. T.	1.25	10.00
12–18 inches, C. T	1.50	12.00

JASMINUM PRIMULINUM (PRIMROSE JASMINE)—Very fast-growing, graceful plant with yellow flowers.

	10	100
8–12 inches, C. T	\$.85	\$ 7.00
12-18 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
18-24 inches, C. T.	1.25	10.00

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM COMPACTUM (WAX PRIVET)—This is the well-known and popular wax privet so extensively planted. Its dark green foliage and adaptability to almost any location makes it a very useful shrub.

	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$.60	\$5.00
8–12 inches, C. T	*****		7.50
18-24 inches B. & B	\$.50	4.00	
2- 3 feet B. & B	.70	6.00	
3- 4 feet B. & B	.90	8.00	

MAGNOLIA FUSCATA (Banana Shrub)—An evergreen shrub or small tree of conical shape growing to about 30 or 40 feet in height. The leaves are small and the foliage dense. In the spring of the year the tree is covered with yellow flowers of banana-like fragrance. A beautiful evergreen and a favorite for many years in the South.

Eacl	n 10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$1.00	\$ 8.00
8–12 inches, C. T		
18–24 inches, B & B \$1.00		
2- 3 feet, B & B 1.25	10.00	

NANDINA DOMESTICA (HEAVENLY BAMBOO)—This is one of the best of all foundation plants. The leaves resemble maiden hair fern, and can be used for decoration in the house. The foliage is dense, and during all the winter months the plant is beautiful with great clusters of red berries. It will prosper in full sun or in partial shade, and requires very little attention.

	10	100
4- 6 inches, S. T	\$.75	\$ 6.00
6 8 inches, S. T	.95	8.00
8–12 inches, S. T	1.25	10.00

OSMANTHUS FRAGRANS (SWEET OLIVE)—A very beautiful shrub that should be in every garden. It is an evergreen with bright glossy thick foliage, and small white or yellow flowers that are extremely fragrant. Several of these plants will fill the air of the entire garden with a pleasing fragrance during the winter and spring. The plants require very little care, and are not subject to any injurious diseases.

I	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$1.00	\$ 8.00
8–12 inches, C. T.		1.25	10.00
12-18 inches, C. T		1.50	12.50
18–24 inches, B & B \$.75	5.00	
2- 3 feet, B & B	1.00	8.50	

PHOTINIA GLABRA—This shrub stands out in any garden. The new growth is a vivid red, while the older leaves are green. When sheared this plant will put out an abundance of new red foliage which is most attractive.

	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$.75	\$ 6.00
8–12 inches, C. T		1.00	8.00
12–18 inches, C. T		1.25	10.00
2- 3 feet B. & B	\$1.00		
3– 4 feet B. & B	1.25		

PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA—A hardy, widespreading shrub. Dark green, glossy foliage, with small fragrant white flowers. Excellent for foundation plantings and hedges. It can be pruned to any shape desired. Does well either in full sun or in shade.

	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$.60	\$ 5.00
18–24 inches B. & B			
2- 3 feet B. & B	1.00	9.00	•

PYRACANTHA FORMOSANA (FIRE THORN)—The prettiest of all pyracantha. In the spring of the year the bush is covered with small lacelike flowers. In the early fall the berries start to show an orange color, and by winter the bush is a solid mass of brilliant red. This variety is not very hardy, and it is unsafe to plant it in cold climates.

PYRACANTHA LALANDI—An upright growing and hardy variety of pyracantha. It is covered with big bright orange colored berries throughout the fall and winter.

	10	100
8–12 inches, C. T	\$1.00	\$ 8.00
12-18 inches, C. T		10.00
18-24 inches, C. T.	1.50	12.50

ROSA ROULETTI—A dwarf form of rose which does very well in the South. It has small rosepink flowers, and makes an excellent border, pot or rock garden plant.

3 inch pot \$1.25 \$10.00

VIBURNUM MACROPHYLLUM—A beautiful evergreen shrub with large green oblong leaves which turn to a beautiful red in the winter. The small white flowers are followed by red berries in clusters. Very hardy, and will grow in any kind of soil or location.

son or location.	Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T		\$.85	\$ 7.00
8–12 inches, C. T		1.00	8.00
18–24 inches, B & B	\$.75	6.00	
2- 3 feet, B & B	1.00	8.00	
3- 4 feet, B & B	1.25	$\cdot 10.00$	

CONIFERS

JUNIPERUS CONFERTA (SHORE JUNIPER)—Spreading, prostrate juniper, with light green foliage, rather feathery. Will not turn brown in winter, and does well in sandy or clay soil.

	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$.75	\$ 6.00
8–12 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
12–18 inches, C. T	1.25	10.00

JUNIPERUS PFITZERIANA (PFITZER'S JUNIPER)—This juniper forms a low flat widespreading irregular head, with bluish green foliage. It is one of the most beautiful conifers,

highly resistant to drought and almost univer-

sarry	Suc	eccosiai.			Each	10	100
6	- 8	inches,	C.	T		\$1.00	\$ 8.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS (ENGLISH JUNIPER)
—This variety is a fast grower and forms a columnar conical shaped bush. It can be used as a hedge plant, or individual specimen. It does best when trimmed.

Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T.	\$.75	\$ 6.00
8–12 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
12-18 inches, C. T	1.25	10.00
18-24 inches, C. T	1.50	12.50
2- 3 feet B. & B \$.75		
3- 4 feet B. & B 1.00		

PODOCARPUS SINENSIS (SMALL LEAVED YEW)—

PODOCARPUS SINENSIS MACROPHYLLA (Large Leaved Yew) — Beautiful evergreen, upright, branching shrubs or small trees with rather broad leaves, light green when young, dark green when mature. Excellent plants for hedges, screens, specimens, or for the shrubbery border.

Eac	h 10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$.75	\$ 6.00
8–12 inches, C. T	. 1.00	8.00
12–18 inches, C. T	1.25	10.00
2- 3 feet B. & B\$1.00)	
3- 4 feet B. & B 1.28	5	

RETINISPORA ERICOIDES — A fast growing beautiful conifer with thick, dark bluish green foliage. It is an upright grower that shears well and makes a very effective plant for landscape work.

	10	100
8–12 inches, C. T	\$.80	\$ 6.00
12–18 inches, C. T	1.00	8.00
18–24 inches, C. T	1.25	10.00

RETINISPORA SQUARROSA VEITCHII — A handsome rapid-growing variety with silverblue foliage. It reaches a height of 15-20 feet, and shears well.

Each	10	100
6- 8 inches, C. T	\$.75	\$ 6.00
8–12 inches, C. T		
2- 3 feet B. & B\$1.00		

THUJA ORIENTALIS COLUMNALIS STRIČTA—A tall growing arborvitae of columnar shape. It has the same color as the Bakers, but is very slender and tall. An unusual and very beautiful bush.

> 10 100

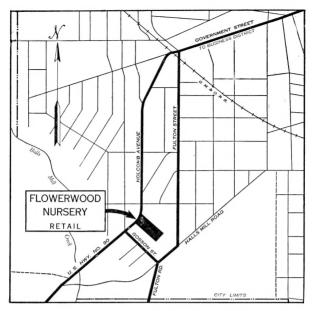
6-8 inches, C. T. \$.75 \$ 6.00

LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA (CRAPE MYRTLE) —A popular and free-flowering tree, which produces blooms in great abundance throughout the summer. The flowers are beautifully fringed and are borne in large clusters. A massing of these, or a single specimen, makes a most striking effect. Commences to bloom in Iune and lasts throughout the summer. have the watermelon red variety, which is the very best.

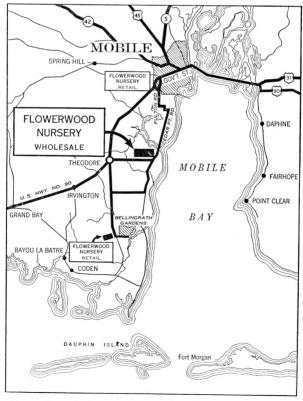
Each 10 100 2-3 feet, Bare Root..... \$1.75 \$15.00 3–4 feet, Bare Root...... \$.40 3.0025.00 35.00 4.00

CORTADERIA ARGENTEA (PAMPAS GRASS) —A grass that grows in handsome clumps 6-8 feet high. In the early fall it puts out a number of silvery plumes which last through the winter. Very ornamental for screens or as individual specimens.

10 100 Small division.....\$.75 \$ 6.00 Medium division..... 1.2510.00



From Mobile Follow This Route



From Points South of Mobile, Turn at Flowerwood Arrow Near Theodore